

U. S. Department of Justice United States Attorney District of Nevada 333 Las Vegas Blvd., S., Suite 5000 Las Vegas, NV 89101

		F LED RECEIVED SLRVED SLRVED SLRVED
1 2	STEVEN W. MYHRE Acting United States Attorney CRANE M. POMERANTZ	COUNSEL PARTIES DE PECERE
3	Assistant United States Attorney 333 Las Vegas Blvd., South, Suite 5000 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	CELERK US LESTER LECOUSE DISTRICTOR TO AVADA
4	(702) 388-6336	BX DUAILIA
5		NICTDICT COUDT
6		DISTRICT COURT
7		OF NEVADA
8	-0(00-
9;	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,) CRIMINAL INDICTMENT
10	PLAINTIFF,	2:07-CR-0135-KJD-LRL
11	VS.) VIOLATIONS:
12	STEPHEN LEE SELDON, M.D and DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON,) 18 U.S.C. § 1341 - Mail Fraud) 18 U.S.C. § 2- Aiding and Abetting) 21 U.S.C. § 331(k) - Misbranding a Drug
13	DEFENDANTS.) While Held for Sale 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) - Forfeiture
14 15	THE GRAND JURY CHARGES THAT:	16 U.S.C. 9 981(a)(1)(C) - 1 0) Teleace
16	At all times relevant to this Indictr	ment:
17	<u>Introd</u>	luction
18	I. Defendant STEPHEN LI	EE SELDON, a medical doctor, schemed with
19		his wife and the manager of his medical practice,
20		aper, non-FDA approved version of Botox®, a drug
21	•	ng to the patients of their medical practice the true
22		N LEE SELDON and DEBORAH MARTINEZ
23	SELDON enriched themselves while exposing pa	
	- NELLULIN ENTICHEA INCMSEIVES WHITE EXPOSING D	ationis to severe health (1888).

Persons and Entities

24

25

26

2. **STEPHEN LEE SELDON** was a physician licensed by the State of Nevada to practice medicine.

DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON was the manager of **STEPHEN** LEE 1 3. SELDON'S medical practice "A New You Medical Aesthetics" ("A New You") . As the office 2 manager, DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON'S responsibilities included ordering supplies, paying 3 bills, managing personnel and managing the bank accounts at A New You. 4 Together, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and DEBORAH MARTINEZ 5 4. SELDON operated A New You in Las Vegas, Nevada. At A New You, STEPHEN LEE SELDON 6 advertised that he performed wrinkle reducing treatments using injections of Botox®, and other 7 8 cosmetic procedures. Federal Regulation of Drugs and Biological Products 9 The FDA regulates the manufacture and distribution of drugs and biological 5. 10 products in the United States pursuant to the provisions of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 11 21, United States Code, Section 301, et. seq. (the "Act"). The FDA has established approval 12 procedures for evaluating new drugs and licensing biological products. Approval is required for each 13 new drug intended for human use before its introduction into interstate commerce is permitted. A 14 license is also required for each new biological product before its introduction into interstate 15 16 commerce is permitted. A "drug" is defined by the Act as, among other things, any articles intended 6. 17 for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or other animals; 18 19 articles (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals; and articles intended for use as a component of any such articles. 21 U.S.C. § 321(g). 20 A "biological product" is defined as a "... toxin applicable to the prevention, 21 7. treatment, or cure of a disease or condition of human beings." 42 U.S.C. § 262(i). When a biological 22 product under this section also meets the definition of a "drug," as stated in Paragraph Five of this 23 Indictment, the "biological product" is a "drug" under 21 U.S.C. § 321(g). 24 25 . . . 26

1	8. The FDA enforces drug safety and efficacy standards by guarding against the		
2	misbranding of drugs. Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 331(k), the doing of any act with respect to a drug, if		
3	such act is done while the drug is held for sale (whether or not the first sale) after shipment in		
4	interstate commerce results in such drug being adulterated or misbranded, and is prohibited. 21		
5	U.S.C. § 331(k).		
6	9. A drug is misbranded if, among other things, it is offered for sale under the		
7	name of another drug. 21 U.S.C. § 352(i)(3).		
8	Botulinum Neurotoxin Type A		
9	10. The bacterium Clostridium Botulinum produces Botulinum Neurotoxin Type		
10	A, a highly potent toxin. When present in sufficient degree in humans, Botulinum Neurotoxin Type		
11	A can cause botulism. Severe botulism paralyzes its victims and can result in death unless timely		
12	medical intervention occurs		
13	Botulinum Neurotoxin Type A can be both a drug under the Act, 21 U.S.C. §		
14	321(g), and a biological product, 42 U.S.C. § 262(I), when the product is intended for use in the		
15	diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in human beings, or to affect the		
16	structure or the function of the human body. Therefore, no form of Botulinum Neurotoxin Type A		
17	can be distributed legally in interstate commerce for use on humans unless it has been approved by		
18	the FDA as a new drug (or there is in effect with the FDA a new drug application, an abbreviated new		
19	drug application, or a notice of claimed exemption for an investigational new drug), or it has been		
20	licensed as a biological product by the FDA.		
21	Allergan Botox®		
22	In or about December 1991, the FDA approved a biological products license		
23	for Botox®, the brand name of a drug derived from Botulinum Neurotoxin Type A, manufactured by		
24	Allergan, Inc., of rvine, California, for the treatment of certain disorders of the muscles related to the		
25	eyes.		
26			

1	13. In or about April 2002, the FDA approved a supplement to Allergan's Botox®		
2	license application for the treatment of glabellular lines, commonly referred to as forehead wrinkles		
3	Under this FDA approval, Allergan's Botulinum Neurotoxin Type A product was marketed an		
4	labeled for this supplemental usage as Botox® Cosmetic.		
5	Botox® and Botox® Cosmetic (collectively "Botox®") is injected with a		
6	hypodermic needle. It is used to temporarily smooth facial wrinkles. It works by paralyzing the		
7	muscles that cause wrinkles. Once injected, it blocks the transmission of nerve impulses to the		
8	muscles that receive the drug; this reduces the activity of the muscles that cause frown lines to form		
9	15. Botox® is the only product containing Botulinum Neurotoxin Type A		
10	approved by the FDA for the treatment of glabellular lines in humans. Allergan, Inc. ("Allergan")		
11.	of Irvine, California is the only approved manufacturer of Botox®. Accordingly, all doctors treating		
12	patients with Botulinum Neurotoxin Type A are required to use Allergan's Botox® products.		
13	Toxin Research International, Inc.		
14	16. Toxin Research International, Inc. ("TRI") was an Arizona corporation with		
15	its principal place of business in Tucson, Arizona. TRI was managed and controlled by Chad Livdahl		
16	("Livdahl") and Zahra Karim ("Karim").		
17	17. During 2003 and 2004, TRI, through Livdahl and Karim, marketed and sold		
18	a Botulinum Neurotoxin Type A ("TRItox") that was neither approved nor licensed by FDA for use		
19	on humans.		
20	18. Although TRI marketed its TRItox to physicians and others involved in		
21	patient treatments, it sold TRItox in vials that were labeled "For research purposes only, not for		
22	human use."		
23	19. TRI's sales invoices, which accompanied orders of TRItox mailed to		
24	physicians and others involved in patient treatments, also included the warning, "For research		
25	purposes only, not for human use."		
26			

l	20. TRI charged customers much less for its TRItox than Allergan charged		
2 ·	customers for Botox®. By using TRItox instead of Botox®, physicians and others involved in patien		
3.	treatments could increase their profits on each treatment.		
4	COUNTS ONE THROUGH FOURTEEN		
5	(Mail Fraud)		
6	21. The Grand Jury incorporates by reference the allegations in Paragraphs One		
7	through Twenty, above, as though fully set forth herein.		
8	From on or about October 15, 2003, until on or about September 16, 2005,		
9	in the State and Federal District of Nevada, and elsewhere,		
10	STEPHEN LEE SELDON, MD and		
11	DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON,		
12	defendants herein, aided and abetted by each other, did devise and intend to devise a scheme and		
13	artifice to defraud, and for obtaining money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses		
14	representations and promises, which scheme and artifice involved fraudulently obtaining money from		
15	patients by substituting cheaper, non-FDA approved TRItox in treatments provided to patients at A		
16	New You, while falsely and fraudulently representing to the patients that they were receiving		
17	injections of the more expensive, FDA-approved Botox®.		
18	Scheme and Artifice to Defraud		
19	23. It was part of the scheme and artifice that STEPHEN LEE SELDON and		
20	Deborah Martinez Seldon defrauded patients by misleading them to believe that they were receiving		
21	the FDA-approved drug Botox®, when, in fact, the patients were receiving TRItox, which was not		
22	FDA-approved and exposed the patients to severe health risks.		
23.	24. As part of the scheme and artifice, Stephen Lee Seldon and Deborah		
24	Martinez Seldon jointly operated A New You in Las Vegas, Nevada, at which they offered and		
25	advertised Botox injections.		
26			

. i	
1.	25. As part of the scheme and artifice, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and Deborah
2^{\mid}	Martinez Seldon caused advertisements to be placed in local magazines, such as "Fun & Fit",
3	"QVegas" and "The Phillipine Times," which would offer "BOTOX \$8 PER UNIT." The typical
4	advertisement, which is substantially similar to the following, would represent that:
5	"Dr. Seldon is Board Certified and has been specially trained by Allergan for all your Botox needs."
7;	The typical advertisements would further state,
8 9	"Don't be fooled by Botox prices by the 'area', wrinkles vary in size and depth. Each patient at [A New You] is charged by the unit & the amount of Botox needed for their treatment. Botox is always mixed per Allergan Standards."
10	These advertisements sought to create the false impression that STEPHEN LEE SELDON was using
11	Allergan's Botox® for the treatment of his patient's wrinkles when, in fact, he was not.
12	26. As part of the scheme and artifice, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and
13	DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON caused Botox® promotional materials to be displayed and
14	distributed to prospective patients at A New You, when, in fact, patients were not receiving FDA-
15	approved Botox®.
16	27. As part of the scheme and artifice, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and
17	DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON caused a certificate to be displayed on the wall at A New You
18	which identified STEPHEN LEE SELDON as having been trained in the application of Botox®,
19	when, in fact, STEPHEN LEE SELDON had never attended any training sessions sponsored by
20	Allergan and has no Allergan-approved training in the use of Botox®.
21	28. As part of the scheme and artifice, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and
22	DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON caused patients to sign consent forms prior to receiving
23	cosmetic procedures. These patient consent forms fraudulently represented that the defendant
24	intended to use Botox® on the patients completing the form when, in fact, STEPHEN LEE
25	SELDON knew he was going to inject his patients with TRItox.
26	

1	29. As part of the scheme and artifice, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and
2	DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON ordered and caused to be ordered thirty-eight (38) 500 LU. vials
3	of TRItox between October 2003 and September 2004. STEPHEN LEE SELDON and DEBORAH
4	MARTINEZ SELDON paid \$36,925 for a total of 19,000 units (38 vials @ 500 units per vial) of
5	TRItox, approximately half of what Allergan would have charged for an equivalent amount of
6	Botox
7	30. As part of the scheme and artifice, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and
8	DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON stopped purchasing Botox® from Allergan in October 2003,
9	the same month they began purchasing or causing to be purchased TRItox from TRI.
10	31. As part of the scheme and artifice, STEPHEN LEE SELDON spoke at a
11	seminar in Scottsdale, Arizona, in September 2004, sponsored by TRI, in which he promoted the use
12	of TRItox and claimed that he used it on patients in his practice, notwithstanding the warning on each
13	vial that TRI was for "Research purposes only, not for human use."
14	32. In late November, 2004, the national media publicized the hospitalization of
15	four individuals who had contracted botulism after receiving injections of a non-FDA approved
16	botulinum toxin at an unrelated medical clinic in Florida. Less than two months later, in January
17	2005, as part of the scheme and artifice, DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON arranged for a secret
18	purchase of, and received, 132 additional vials of TRItox for \$50,000 for use by STEPHEN LEE
19	SELDON at A New You.
20	33. As part of the scheme and artifice, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and Deborah
21	Martinez Seldon failed to disclose to A New You's patients that:
22	a. They were being injected with a different drug than Botox®;
23	b. The product they were being injected with was not approved by the
24	FDA; and
25	c. They were being injected with a drug labeled "For research purposes
26	only, not for human use."

1	34.	As	part of the scheme and artifice, SIEPHEN LEE SELDON and
2	DEBORAH MART	rinez	SELDON took steps to conceal their fraudulent use of TRItox, as follows:
3:		a.	On or about January 12, 2005, DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON
4			caused to be falsified A New You's computerized medical records by
5			deleting references to "Botox®." and changing these entries to the
6			generic notation "Cosmetic Procedure;"
7		b.	On or about September 16, 2005, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and
8			DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON caused twenty-eight (28) vials
9			of TRItox to be returned to the FDA. STEPHEN LEE SELDON and
10			DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON sought to create the misleading
1 -			impression that they were returning 28 vials of the original 38 vials
12			purchased from TRI. In fact, STEPHEN LEE SELDON and
3			DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON had used all of the original
4			TRItox on the patients at A New You, and were returning vials that
5			were part of DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON's secret purchase of
6			132 vials from TRI in January 2005.
7	35.	On o	or about the dates set forth below, in the State and Federal District of
8	Nevada and elsewhe	ere,	
9			STEPHEN LEE SELDON, MD and
20			DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON,
21	defendants herein. a	iided ai	nd abetted by each other, for the purpose of executing the scheme and
22	artifice, did knowingly cause packages containing vials of TRItox, to be delivered by United Parce		
23	Service ("UPS"), a private and commercial interstate carrier, according to the directions thereon, from		
24	TRI in Arizona to STEPHEN LEE SELDON and DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON in La		
25	Vegas, Nevada, as	more s _j	pecifically described below, with each delivery constituting a separate
26	violation of Title 18	, Unite	d States Code, Sections 1341 and 2:

1:	Count	Date of Shipment	Description of Matter Delivered
2		by UPS	by UPS
3		(on or about)	
4	l	November 15, 2003	Two vials of TRItox
5	2	November 29, 2003	Two vials of TRItox
6	3	January 10, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
7	41	January 31, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
	5	March 6, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
8	6	March 27, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
9	7	April 3, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
0	8	May 1, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
1	9	June 12, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
2	10	June 26, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
3	11	July 10, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
4	12	August 7, 2004	Two vials of TRItox
	13	August 14, 2004	Four vials of TRItox
.5	14	September 18, 2004	Ten via s of TRItox

<u>COUNT FIFTEEN</u> (Misbranding a Drug While Held for Sale)

19 36. The Grand Jury incorporates by reference the allegations in Paragraphs One 20 through Thirty-Five, above, as though fully set forth herein.

18

21

22

23

24

25

26

37. From on or about October 15, 2003, and continuing through on or about September 16, 2005, in the State and Federal District of Nevada, and elsewhere,

STEPHEN LEE SELDON, MD and DEBORAH MARTINEZ SELDON,

defendants herein, with the intent to defraud and mislead, did engage in various acts, and did cause each other and others to engage in various acts, which acts resulted in a drug being misbranded, as

Case 2:07-cr-00135-KJD-LRL Document 1 Filed 06/27/07 Page 11 of 13

1	defined at 21 U.S.C. § 352(I), while such drug was held for sale after shipment in interstate
2	commerce, in that the defendants STEPHEN LEE SELDON and DEBORAH MARTINEZ
3	SELDON, offered TRItox, a drug, for sale by injection to patients under the name of a different drug,
4.	Botox®, which they knew to be an FDA approved drug sold by Allergan; all in violation of 21 U.S.C.
5	§§ 331(k) and 333(a)(2) and 18 U.S.C. § 2.
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
4	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	

1.	<u>FORFEITURE ALLEGATION</u> (Mail Fraud)		
2	(Man Taud)		
3	1. The allegations contained in Counts One through Thirty-Five of this Criminal		
4	Indictment are hereby realleged and incorporated herein by reference for the purpose of alleging		
5	forfeiture pursuant to the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C) and Title		
6	28, United States Code, Section 2461(c).		
7.	2. Upon a conviction of the felony offenses charged in Counts One through		
8:,	Fourteen of this Criminal Indictment,		
9	STEPHEN LEE SELDON, MD and		
10	DEBORAH MARTINEZ SEŁDON,		
11	defendants herein, shall forfeit to the United States of America any property, real or personal, which		
12	constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to violations of Title 18, United States Code, Section		
13	1341, a "specified unlawful activity" as defined in Title18, United States Code, Sections		
14	1956(c)(7)(A) and 1961(1)(B), up to \$144,000.00 in United States Currency.		
15	3. If any property being subject to forfeiture pursuant to Title 18, United States		
16	Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), as a result of any act		
17	or omission of the defendant -		
18	1. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;		
19	2. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;		
20	3. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;		
21	4. has been substantially diminished in value; or		
22	5. has been commingled with other property that cannot be divided		
23	without difficulty; it is the intent of the United States of America, pursuant to Title 21, United States		
24	Code, Section 853(p), to seek forfeiture of properties of the defendant up to \$144,000.00 in United		
25	States Currency.		
26			

Case 2:07-cr-00135-KJD-LRL Document 1 Filed 06/27/07 Page 13 of 13

1	All pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C), Title 28, United
2	States Code, Section 2461(c), and Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p).
3	DATED: this date of June 2007
4	A TRUE BILL:
5	
6	FOREPERSON OF THE GRAND JURY
7	
8	STEVEN W MYHRE Acting United States Attorney
9 10:-	
	CRANE M. DOMERANTZ
11	CRANE M. POMERANTZ Assistant United States Attorney
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
8	
9	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	